

INSTRUCTIONS

In order to insure uniformity in the observations made at the Observing Stations of the Scottish Meteorological Society, the Council request the Observers to adopt the methods described below.

HOURS OF OBSERVATION.

The Council recommend that Observations be made precisely at 9 A.M. and 9 P.M. (Greenwich Time). At both hours the Barometer and Dry and Wet Bulb Thermometers should be read, and notes made of the Wind, Cloud, and general weather. The Rain Gauge should be read at 9 A.M. only, and the Maximum and Minimum Self-registering Thermometers at 9 P.M. only.

It is hoped that every effort will be made to insure punctuality. When, however, an observation is taken not at the usual hours, it is requested that this be stated in a note on the Schedule.

All instruments used should be compared with a certified standard; Observers are requested to communicate with the Secretary before purchasing new or repairing old instruments.

BAROMETER.

The Barometer should be hung in a good light and in a room not exposed to sudden changes of temperature. The upper part of the scale must not be higher than the level of the Observer's eye, and the instrument must hang vertically. Barometers should not be moved from their places except by persons accustomed to the work, as they are very liable to get air into the mercury column when improperly handled. Mercurial barometers mounted in metal cases are the only sort suitable for the accurate measurement of atmospheric pressure.

FORTIN BAROMETER.—In setting this instrument the level of the mercury in the glass cistern has first to be adjusted by turning the screw below the cistern till the surface of the mercury just touches the ivory point which projects downwards from the cover of the cistern. A modification of the Fortin pattern is used at several of the Society's Stations, in which the adjustment is made by turning the screw until the zero line on an ivory rod which projects through the cover of the cistern is brought to coincide with the lines on the uprights beside it. In either pattern this cistern adjustment must be made before the Vernier at the top of the mercury column is set.

In the **BOARD OF TRADE** pattern of barometer no adjustment of the cistern is required, and the Observer can at once proceed to set the Vernier, which in all three classes of instrument is done as follows:—

First see that the Vernier is raised above the mercury, then lower it till its front and back edge both just touch, that is, form a tangent to, the highest part of the mercury column. The top of the mercury is usually slightly convex, and care must be taken not to bring the Vernier down to where the front of the mercury touches the glass, which is below the real top of the column.

The attached thermometer should be read and noted before setting the barometer, as its readings may be affected by heat from the Observer's body while handling the instrument.

The errors most frequently made in reading the barometer are mistakes of 1/1000 inch, 0.001 inch, and 0.000 inch; that is to say, instead of 29.365 one of the following is sometimes set down—viz. 30.365, 29.265, or 29.315. Experience having shown that even the best Observers occasionally make these mistakes, the readings, after it is written down, should be compared again with the scale.

FOR TAKING METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

RAIN GAUGE.

The Rain Gauge should be read at 9 A.M. each day, and the amount entered to the *previous day on the Schedule*; thus the quantity measured at 9 A.M. on the 5th should be put down on the line containing the observations of the 4th of the month, since out of the twenty-four hours ending at 9 A.M. on 5th, fifteen belong to the 4th and only nine to the 5th, so that the amount may more properly be credited to the former day. The monthly total for, say, January is thus what falls between 9 A.M. on 1st January and 9 A.M. on 1st February.

The measuring glass is divided to hundredths of an inch—the highest line indicating .50, that is fifty hundredths or half an inch. The amount should be entered on the Schedule thus: if up to say the sixth line in the glass as .06, if up to the twenty-third line as .23, if up to the thirtieth line as .30, and so on, there being always two figures put down to the right of the decimal point. Care should be taken to avoid entering .08 as simply 8, or .30 as .3, as this may cause confusion when adding the figures to get the total for the month.

When the fall exceeds one fill of the measuring glass it is necessary to measure it in portions, and each successive reading should be jotted down on the flyleaf of the notebook or other convenient place before the glass is emptied. Thus after heavy rain the amounts measured might be:—

.47
.42
.38
—
1.27

The total, 1.27, would be entered on the Schedule.

The glass must be held vertically or placed on a level surface when reading. A little uncertainty is sometimes caused by the upward curvature of the water where it touches the side of the glass, but the true reading is half way between the two apparent edges of the water surface. When there is nothing in the gauge a stroke (—) should be entered on the Schedule rather than the figure 0.

Snow or Hail is counted as Rainfall, and should be melted and measured as such. The upper part of the gauge may be taken indoors, and what is lying in it thawed. To save time, especially if snow or rain be then falling, it is convenient to add a measured quantity of warm water to the snow in the gauge, this quantity being afterwards deducted from the total to get the amount that has fallen. The depth of snow lying on the ground should be noted in the Remarks column.

In gauges, such as Flemings, in which a float and measuring rod is used, the rod should be removed or tied down below the level of the rim, except when a measurement is being taken, because if allowed to project above the gauge, it would prevent it catching the true amount of fall.

If a gauge is only read once a month this should be done on the morning of the 1st, and the amount entered to the previous month.

The Rain Gauge should be placed in an open situation, if possible with no elevated objects close to it, in any case trees, walls, etc., should never be nearer to the gauge in horizontal distance than their own height. The gauge should be firmly fixed with its rim 12 inches above ground; if surrounded by grass, care must be taken that it is never allowed to grow as high as the rim. The gauges at most Stations are five inches in diameter, though a few of larger or smaller size are also in use. A convenient way of fixing a gauge in position is to drive four stout wooden pegs from 12 to 18 inches long into the ground, one at each side of the gauge.

ADDITIONAL REMARKS.

WIND, CLOUD, SUNSHINE, ETC.

WIND.

The direction and force of the Wind should be noted at 9 A.M. and 9 P.M. In confined situations where the true direction cannot be easily observed, it is best to ascertain this by watching the movement of smoke from chimneys, or even of the lower clouds. The force of the wind should be noted according to the scale given on the other side of the Schedule.

At Stations where an Anemometer is in use, the readings at 9 A.M. each day should be put down in the column provided, the values being entered to the previous day, as in the case of the Rainfall.

CLOUDS.

The amount of Cloud should be estimated on the scale, 0 to 10, 0 indicating a clear and 10 an overcast sky. Only the part of the sky over 30° above the horizon should be taken into account, as it is impossible to estimate the space covered by Clouds nearer the horizon. A convenient table for noting briefly the species of Cloud will be found on the other side of the Schedule. It is desirable to note, if possible, the direction from which the Clouds are moving. If there is more than one layer of clouds on the sky, they should be noted.

Thus, for example,

Cir. W.	4
Cum. Str. S.W.	2

 would indicate that four-tenths of the sky was covered with cirrus moving from the West, and two-tenths with cumulus moving from the S.W.

SUNSHINE.

This column is primarily for those Stations where a Sunshine Recorder is kept; at other Stations, however, the Observer may note in it the number of hours each day that the sun shines with sufficient clearness to cast a distinct shadow.

RADIATION THERMOMETERS.

A **MAXIMUM THERMOMETER**, with its bulb blackened and enclosed in an outer glass bulb exhausted of air, is used at many stations to register the highest temperature in the sun. It should be mounted horizontally about four feet above ground with its bulb pointing south, and should be read and set at 9 P.M.

A **MINIMUM THERMOMETER** on grass is used to register the lowest radiation temperature at night. It should be placed on wooden supports a few inches above the surface of the grass. It may be read and set at 9 P.M., but in warm weather, as the spirit in this instrument is liable to evaporate when exposed to bright sunshine and to condense again in the upper part of the tube, it is better to read it at 9 A.M., to put it inside the screen during the day, and to set and replace it at 9 P.M.

THERMOMETERS UNDER GROUND.

These should be read at 9 A.M., and the readings entered on the day on which they are made.

REMARKS.

In the Remarks column should be noted all occurrences of Snow, Hail, or Heavy Rain; of Thunder, or Lightning, or both together; of all Auroras, Meteors, or Halos round the sun or moon; Fogs, Gales or Storms, and generally of all noteworthy Weather phenomena.

The table and additional lines on the back of the Schedule are for the use of those Observers who wish to record Notes connected with the changes of the Seasons, such as the growth of Crops, Fruit, etc., and the migrations of Birds; also the prevalence of Diseases in man, in the lower animals, and in plants. Such observations are often of great interest and utility when taken in conjunction with the ordinary Meteorological records.

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DATES IN CONNECTION WITH THE PERIODICAL RETURN OF THE SEASONS.

FOREST TREES.	In Flower.	Leaf Buds first Appear.	In Leaf.	Dissected of Leaves.	GRASSES mentioning variety.	Spring or Planting.	Arising or above Ground.	In full Flower.	First Out or Eshal.
Alder,					Barley,				
Ash,					Bere or Biggs,				
Beech,					Oats,				
Birch,					Wheat,				
Elm,					Beans,				
Larch,					Pease,				
Lime,					Potatoes,				
Oak,					Turnips,				
Sycamore or Plane,					Rye Grass,				

SHRUBS, ETC.	First in Blossom.	FRUITS.	First in Blossom generally.	MIGRATORY BIRDS.	First Arrival.	Departure.
Barberry,				Cuckoo,		
Boutree or Elder,		Apple,		Curdew,		
Broom,		Black Currant,		House-Swallow,		
Hazel,		Cherry,		Lapwing,		
Hawthorn,		Gean,		Plover,		
Holly,		Gooseberry,		Sand-Martin,		
Laburnum,		Peach,		Starling,		
Lilac,		Pear,		Swan,		
Mezeron,		Plum,		Rail or Corn Crane,		
Mountain Ash or Rowan,		Strawberry,				
Red Flowering Currant,						
Rhododendron Ponticum,						
Whin,						

The Society will be glad to receive any portions of the information indicated in this table that may come under the Observer's notice.

SCOTTISH METEOROLOGICAL SOCIETY.

OBSERVATIONS taken at Leith, County of Edinburgh, During the MONTH of February 1910.
 Lat. 55° 54' N Long. 3° 10' W Height of Cistern of the Barometer above Mean Sea Level 55 feet, above Ground 3 feet. Diameter of Rain Gauge _____ ins.
 Height of Gauge above Mean Sea Level _____ feet. Height of Rim of Gauge above Ground _____ ins.

Date.	BAROMETER.				* SELF-REGISTERING THERMOMETERS.				HYGROMETER.				† RAIN.	WIND.				CLOUDS.				SUNSHINE. Hours.	THERMOMETERS under Ground.			WEATHER.		GENERAL REMARKS. Occurrence of Snow, Hail, Thunder, Lightning, Fog, Gales, Meteors, Auroras, Remarkable Depression or Elevation of Barometer, etc. Mention the hour at which Storms, including Thunder and Lightning, began and ended.	Date.	
	9 A.M.		9 P.M.		Screen.	Black Bulb Max. in Sun. 9 P.M.	Min. on Grass. 9 A.M.	9 A.M.		9 P.M.		9 A.M.		9 A.M.		9 P.M.		9 A.M.	9 P.M.	3 ins.	12 ins.		48 ins.	At 9 A.M.	At 9 P.M.					
	Barometer.	Attached Thermometer.	Barometer.	Attached Thermometer.				Dry bulb.	Wet bulb.	Dry bulb.	Wet bulb.			Direction.	Force, Scale of 0-12.	Direction.	Force, Scale of 0-12.									Amount (0-10).	Species and Direction.			Amount (0-10).	Species and Direction.
1			29.374																										Cloudy, with occasional sunshine; sh. after 3 p.m.	1
2			29.168																										Mostly cloudy; fine.	2
3			29.268																										Driz. r. till 10 a.m.; fog, sunshiny later, hazy.	3
4			29.778																										Fine, sunny; hazy.	4
5			29.476																										6, 9, early morn.; fog, sh. after 3 p.m.	5
6			29.438																										6, very gloomy till 11 a.m.; sh. till 1 p.m.; rain till 3 p.m.; clear.	6
7			29.252																										7, nearly calm till 8 a.m., with fog, sh. & s. till 11 a.m.	7
8			29.888																										Fine, sunny till 11 a.m., then cloudy; look hazy.	8
9			30.164																										Fine; mostly sunny till 3 p.m., then cloudy.	9
10			29.726																										6, sh. after 11.15 a.m.; sunny at times afternoon.	10
11			29.699																										Fine, mostly forenoon; a few brief sh. after 1.45 p.m.	11
12			29.793																										Fine, sunny till 11 a.m., then C.; g. at times after 4.30 p.m.	12
13			29.491																										C.; g. at times.	13
14			29.063																										6, early morn., with sh. till 11 a.m.; day fine, mostly sunny; strong C.	14
15			28.922																										Fine, mostly sunny till noon; r. sh. till 1 p.m.; bright & sh. till 5.30 p.m.	15
16			29.096																										Changeable; brisk s. dr. till 6.7 a.m., r. sh. forenoon; fog, sun, & dr. r. 9 p.m.	16
17			29.660																										Dr.; fog, r. sh. till 1 p.m.; sunny morn., hazy g. at times afternoon.	17
18			29.284																										6, early morn., with brief sh. till 8 a.m.; day fine, mostly sunny.	18
19			28.571																										Changeable; fog sh. till 5.30 a.m.; bright sunshiny at times.	19
20			28.379																										Strong g. till 11 a.m. sh. till 5.15 a.m.; clear sun; r. till 1.45 p.m.; g.	20
21			29.265																										C.; shower; sunny morn.	21
22			29.480																										Fine, mostly sunny till 11 a.m., then C.; sh. after 4.55 p.m.	22
23			29.695																										Morning hazy; day fine, mostly sunny.	23
24			29.356																										6, h. at 7.15 a.m. & 8.5. r. sh. in succession down day.	24
25			29.362																										Fine, sunny; evening C., hazy.	25
26			29.398																										C.; driz. r. chiefly till 10 a.m. & 6 p.m.; sunny morn. after 4 p.m.	26
27			29.795																										Fine, sunny; clear.	27
28			29.577																										Cloudy; showering.	28
29																														29
30																														30
31																														31

WEATHER NOTATION.

a. denotes aurora.	m. denotes mist.
b. blue sky, cloudless.	p. passing showers.
bc. blue sky with detached clouds.	q. squally.
c. sky mainly cloudy, but with openings between the clouds.	r. continuous rain.
d. completely overcast.	s. ha. snow.
dr. drizzling rain.	sh. solar halo.
e. wet air, without rain falling.	t. thunder.
f. fog.	ts. thunder-storm.
fg. wet fog.	u. ugly, threatening appearance.
g. gloomy.	v. unusual visibility of distant objects.
h. hail.	w. dew.
l. lightning.	x. hoar frost.
lu. co. lunar corona.	z. dust haze.
lu. ha. lunar halo.	

BEAUFORT SCALE FOR ESTIMATING FORCE OF WIND—(0-12).											
FORCE.	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Calm.	Light Air.	Slight Breeze.	Gentle Breeze.	Moderate Breeze.	Fresh Breeze.	Strong Breeze.	High Wind.	Gale.	Strong Gale.	Whole Gale.
										11	12
										Storm.	Hurricane.

BAROMETER.

Corrected Mean at 9 A.M., minus Correction for Temp. _____
 Corrected Mean at 9 P.M., minus Correction for Temp. _____
 Mean at Station, corrected, and at 32°, _____
 Correction for height, feet above Mean Sea Level, _____ + _____
 Mean, reduced to 32°, and Sea Level, _____
 Highest Reading, corrected for Index error, on th, _____
 Lowest Do. Do., on th, _____
 Difference, or Monthly Range, _____

SELF-REGISTERING THERMOMETERS.

Highest in Month, on th, _____
 Lowest in Month, on th, _____
 Difference, or Monthly Range, _____
 Mean of all the Highest, _____
 Mean of all the Lowest, _____
 Difference, or Mean Daily Range, _____
 Mean Temperature of Month, $\frac{1}{2}$ (Mean Max. + Mean Min.), _____
 Min. on Grass, Lowest in Month, _____
 " " Mean, _____
 Black Bulb, Max. in Sun, Highest in Month, _____

ADDITIONAL REMARKS.

Feb. 15. 6.30 a.m. 28.848 inches
 " 17. 6.30 a.m. 28.701 "
 " 17. Noon 28.572 "
 " 18. 6.30 a.m. 28.708 "
 " 19. 5 p.m. 28.661 "
 " 20. 5 p.m. 28.442 "
 " 20. 6 p.m. 28.372 "
 " 20. 7 p.m. 28.349 "

Observations made and Return verified by {
 (Signed) _____

HYGROMETER.

Dry Bulb, Mean of A.M. and P.M. Readings, _____
 Wet Bulb, Mean of A.M. and P.M. Readings, _____
 Computed Temperature of Dew-Point, _____
 Do. Elastic Force of Vapour, _____
 Do. Relative Humidity (Saturation = 100), _____
 RAIN fell on Days; Amount in Inches, _____

WIND.	SUMMARY.									
	Direction.	N	NE	E	SE	S	SW	W	NW	Calm or Variable.
A.M.										Mean Force 0-12.
P.M.										
Sum.										

* If Observations are taken at 9 A.M. only, the reading of the Maximum thermometer must be entered to the previous day.

† Rain to be measured at 9 A.M. and the amount entered to the previous day.

WEATHER SUMMARY.

Number of Days of Precipitation, ...
 Snow, ...
 Hail, ...
 Thunder, ...
 Clear Sky, ...
 Overcast, ...
 Fog, ...
 Ground Frost, ...
 Gale, ...

INSTRUMENTS IN USE.

Barometer, No. _____
 Dry Bulb, No. _____
 Wet Bulb, No. _____
 Maximum, No. _____
 Minimum, No. _____
 Solar Radiation, No. _____
 Grass Min., No. _____
 Sun Recorder, No. _____
 1-foot Therm., No. _____
 4-foot Therm., No. _____

SCOTTISH METEOROLOGICAL SOCIETY.

OBSERVATIONS taken at Leith, County of Edinburgh, During the MONTH of March 1910.
 Lat. 55° 59' N Long. 3° 10' W. Height of Cistern of the Barometer above Mean Sea Level 55 feet, above Ground 3 feet. Diameter of Rain Gauge _____ ins.
 Height of Gauge above Mean Sea Level _____ feet. Height of Rim of Gauge above Ground _____ ins.

[illegible]

BAROMETER.

Corrected Mean at 9 A.M.,	<i>minus</i>	Correction for	
Temp.....			}
<hr/>			
Corrected Mean at 9 P.M.,	<i>minus</i>	Correction for	
Temp.....			}
<hr/>			
Mean at Station, corrected, and at 32°,			
<hr/>			
Correction for height,	feet above Mean Sea Level,...		+
<hr/>			
Mean, reduced to 32°, and Sea Level,			
<hr/>			
Highest Reading, corrected for Index error, on		th,.....	
<hr/>			
Lowest	Do.	Do.,	on th,.....
<hr/>			
Difference, or Monthly Range,			
<hr/>			

SELF-REGISTERING THERMOMETERS.

Highest in Month, on	th,	.....
Lowest in Month, on	th,	.....
Difference, or Monthly Range,		.....
Mean of all the Highest,		.....
Mean of all the Lowest,		.....
Difference, or Mean Daily Range,		.....
Mean Temperature of Month, $\frac{1}{2}$ (Mean Max. + Mean Min.),		.....
Min. on Grass, Lowest in Month,		.....
" "	Mean,	.....
Black Bulb, Max. in Sun, Highest in Month,		.....

ADDITIONAL REMARKS.

HYGROMETER.

Dry Bulb , Mean of A.M. and P.M. Readings,	_____
Wet Bulb , Mean of A.M. and P.M. Readings,	_____
Computed Temperature of Dew-Point ,	_____
Do. Elastic Force of Vapour ,	_____
Do. Relative Humidity (Saturation = 100), ...	_____
RAIN fell on Days ; Amount in Inches ,	_____

[illegible]

* If Observations are taken at 9 A.M. only, the reading of the **Maximum** thermometer must be entered to the *previous day*.

† **Rain** to be measured at 9 A.M. and the amount entered to the *previous day*.

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Number of Days of Precipitation, ...	
Snow,
Hail,
Thunder,
Clear Sky,
Overcast,
Fog,
Ground Frost,
Gale,

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 1-foot Therm., No. _____
 4-foot Therm., No. _____

Observations made and
Return verified by

(Signed) _____



THE SECRETARY

SCOTTISH METEOROLOGICAL SOCIETY

122 GEORGE STREET

EDINBURGH

BOOK POST

VEILICHKEIT BEWAHRT

THE SECRETARY'S OFFICE
122 GEORGE STREET
EDINBURGH
SCOTTISH METEOROLOGICAL SOCIETY
1881

1881	1882	1883	1884	1885	1886	1887	1888	1889	1890	1891	1892	1893	1894	1895	1896	1897	1898	1899	1900
------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------

THE SECRETARY'S OFFICE
122 GEORGE STREET
EDINBURGH
SCOTTISH METEOROLOGICAL SOCIETY
1881

DATE	TIME	WIND	TEMP.	REL. HUM.	STATE OF SKY	REMARKS
1881	1					
1882	1					
1883	1					
1884	1					
1885	1					
1886	1					
1887	1					
1888	1					
1889	1					
1890	1					
1891	1					
1892	1					
1893	1					
1894	1					
1895	1					
1896	1					
1897	1					
1898	1					
1899	1					
1900	1					

SCOTTISH METEOROLOGICAL SOCIETY.

OBSERVATIONS taken at Leith, County of Edinburgh, During the MONTH of April 1910.
 Lat. 55° 54' N Long. 3° 10' W Height of Cistern of the Barometer above Mean Sea Level 55 feet, above Ground 3 feet. Diameter of Rain Gauge _____ ins.
 Height of Gauge above Mean Sea Level _____ feet. Height of Rim of Gauge above Ground _____ ins.

[illegible]

(Signed)

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A circular postmark from Dunburg, New York. The text "DUNBURG, N.Y." is arranged in a circle around the date "MAY 15, 1904". The date is written in a stylized font with "MAY" and "1904" on the outer edges and "15" in the center. The postmark is stamped in dark ink on a light-colored, textured paper.

122 GEORGE STREET

BOOK POST

SCOTTISH METEOROLOGICAL SOCIETY.

OBSERVATIONS taken at Leith, County of Edinburgh, During the MONTH of May 1910.
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 Height of Gauge above Mean Sea Level _____ feet. Height of Rim of Gauge above Ground _____ ins.

BAROMETER. <i>not used. to 32° + sea-level.</i>				* SELF-REGISTERING THERMOMETERS.				HYGROMETER.				† RAIN.	WIND.				CLOUDS.				SUNSHINE.	THERMOMETERS under Ground.			WEATHER.		GENERAL REMARKS.	Date.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																	
9 A.M.		9 P.M.		Screen.		Black Bulb Max. in Sun. 9 P.M.	Min. on Grass. 9 A.M.	9 A.M.		9 P.M.		Amount at 9 A.M.	9 A.M.		9 P.M.		Amount 9 A.M.	9 A.M.		9 P.M.		Amount (0-10).	Species and Direction.	Amount (0-10).	Species and Direction.	Amount (0-10).	Hours.	9 A.M.			At 9 A.M.	At 9 P.M.	Occurrence of Snow, Hail, Thunder, Lightning, Fog, Gales, Meteors, Auroras, Remarkable Depression or Elevation of Barometer, etc.	Mention the hour at which Storms, including Thunder and Lightning, began and ended.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																											
Barometer.	Attached Ther-mometer	Barometer.	Attached Ther-mometer	Max. 9 P.M.	Min. 9 P.M.			Dry bulb.	Wet bulb.	Dry bulb.	Wet bulb.		Direction.	Force. Scale of 0-12.	Direction.	Force. Scale of 0-12.		Direction.	Force. Scale of 0-12.	3 ins.	12 ins.							48 ins.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																	
1	inches.	°	inches.	°	°	°	°	°	°	°	°	inches.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																	

BAROMETER.

Corrected Mean at 9 A.M., minus	Correction for	
Temp.....	}	
Corrected Mean at 9 P.M., minus	Correction for	
Temp.....	}	
<hr/>		
Mean at Station, corrected, and at 32°,		
Correction for height, feet above Mean Sea Level,...	+	
<hr/>		
Mean, reduced to 32°, and Sea Level,		
<hr/>		
Highest Reading, corrected for Index error, on	th,.....	
Lowest Do.	Do., on	th,.....
<hr/>		
Difference, or Monthly Range,		

SELF-REGISTERING THERMOMETERS.

Highest in Month,	on	th,	.....
Lowest in Month,	on	th,	.....
Difference, or Monthly Range,	.....	
Mean of all the Highest,	.....	
Mean of all the Lowest,	.....	
Difference, or Mean Daily Range,	.....	
Mean Temperature of Month,	$\frac{1}{2}$ (Mean Max. + Mean Min.), ..		
Min. on Grass, Lowest in Month,	.....	
”	”	Mean,	.....
Black Bulb, Max. in Sun,	Highest in Month,	.....

ADDITIONAL REMARKS.

HYGROMETER.

Dry Bulb, Mean of A.M. and P.M. Readings,

Wet Bulb, Mean of A.M. and P.M. Readings,

Computed **Temperature of Dew-Point**,

Do. **Elastic Force of Vapour**,

Do. **Relative Humidity** (Saturation = 100),

RAIN fell on **Days**; **Amount in Inches**,

[illegible]

* If Observations are taken at 9 A.M. only, the reading of the **Maximum** thermometer must be entered to the *previous day*.

† **Rain** to be measured at 9 A.M. and the amount entered to the *previous day*.

WEATHER SUMMARY.

Number of Days of Precipitation, ...	
Snow,	_____
Hail,	_____
Thunder,	_____
Clear Sky,	_____
Overcast,	_____
Fog,	_____
Ground Frost,	_____
Gale,	_____

INSTRUMENTS IN USE.

Barometer, No. _____
 Dry Bulb, No. _____
 Wet Bulb, No. _____
 Maximum, No. _____
 Minimum, No. _____
 Solar Radiation, No. _____
 Grass Min., No. _____
 Sun Recorder, No. _____
 1-foot Therm., No. _____
 4-foot Therm., No. _____

Observations made and Return verified by	}	

(Signed).

SCOTTISH METEOROLOGICAL SOCIETY.

OBSERVATIONS taken at Leith, County of Edinburgh, During the MONTH of June 1910.
 Lat. 55° 59' N Long. 3° 10' W. Height of Cistern of the Barometer above Mean Sea Level 55 feet, above Ground 3 feet. Diameter of Rain Gauge _____ ins.
 Height of Gauge above Mean Sea Level _____ feet. Height of Rim of Gauge above Ground _____ ins.

[illegible]

BAROMETER.

Corrected Mean at 9 A.M., <i>minus</i> Correction for	}	
Temp.		
Corrected Mean at 9 P.M., <i>minus</i> Correction for	}	
Temp.		
Mean at Station, corrected, and at 32°,		
Correction for height, feet above Mean Sea Level,...	+	
Mean, reduced to 32°, and Sea Level,		
Highest Reading, corrected for Index error, on th,.....		
Lowest Do. Do., on th,.....		
Difference, or Monthly Range,		

SELF-REGISTERING THERMOMETERS.

Highest in Month,	on	th,	.....
Lowest in Month,	on	th,	.....
Difference, or Monthly Range,			
Mean of all the Highest,			
Mean of all the Lowest,			
Difference, or Mean Daily Range,			
Mean Temperature of Month, $\frac{1}{2}$ (Mean Max. + Mean Min.), ...			
Min. on Grass, Lowest in Month,			
”	”	Mean,	.....
Black Bulb, Max. in Sun, Highest in Month,			

ADDITIONAL REMARKS.

HYGROMETER.

Dry Bulb , Mean of A.M. and P.M. Readings, .....	.....
Wet Bulb , Mean of A.M. and P.M. Readings, .....	.....
Computed Temperature of Dew-Point,.....	.....
Do. Elastic Force of Vapour, .....	.....
Do. Relative Humidity (Saturation = 100),...	.....
RAIN fell on Days ; Amount in Inches ,	

[illegible]

* If Observations are taken at 9 A.M. only, the reading of the **Maximum** thermometer must be entered to the *previous day*.

† **Rain** to be measured at 9 A.M. and the amount entered to the *previous day*.

WEATHER SUMMARY.

Number of Days of Precipitation, ...	
Snow,	_____
Hail	_____
Thunder,	_____
Clear Sky,	_____
Overcast,	_____
Fog,	_____
Ground Frost,	_____
Gale,	_____

INSTRUMENTS IN USE.

Barometer, No. _____
 Dry Bulb, No. _____
 Wet Bulb, No. _____
 Maximum, No. _____
 Minimum, No. _____
 Solar Radiation, No. _____
 Grass Min., No. _____
 Sun Recorder, No. _____
 1-foot Therm., No. _____
 4-foot Therm., No. _____

Observations made and Return verified by	
---	--

(Signed)

SCOTTISH METEOROLOGICAL SOCIETY.

OBSERVATIONS taken at Leith, County of Edinburgh, During the MONTH of July 1910.
 Lat. 55° 59' N Long. 3° 10' W Height of Cistern of the Barometer above Mean Sea Level 55 feet, above Ground 3 feet. Diameter of Rain Gauge _____ ins.
 Height of Gauge above Mean Sea Level _____ feet. Height of Rim of Gauge above Ground _____ ins.

BAROMETER.				* SELF-REGISTERING THERMOMETERS.				HYGROMETER.				† RAIN.	WIND.				CLOUDS.				THERMOMETERS under Ground.			WEATHER.		GENERAL REMARKS.	Date.				
9 A.M.		9 P.M.		Screen.		Black Bulb Max. in Sun. 9 P.M.	Min. on Grass. 9 A.M.	9 A.M.		9 P.M.		Amount at 9 A.M.	9 A.M.		9 P.M.		Ane-mometer. 9 A.M.	9 A.M.		9 P.M.		9 A.M.			At 9 A.M.	At 9 P.M.		Occurrence of Snow, Hail, Thunder, Lightning, Fog, Gales, Meteors, Auroras, Remarkable Depression or Elevation of Barometer, etc. Mention the hour at which Storms, including Thunder and Lightning, began and ended.			
Barometer.	Attached Ther-mometer	Barometer.	Attached Ther-mometer	Max. 9 P.M.	Min. 9 P.M.			Dry bulb.	Wet bulb.	Dry bulb.	Wet bulb.		Direction.	Force. Scale of 0-12.	Direction.	Force. Scale of 0-12.		Species and Direction.	Amount (0-10).	Species and Direction.	Amount (0-10).	3 ins.	12 ins.	48 ins.							
inches.	°	inches.	°	°	°			°	°	°	°		inches.									Hours.									
1			29.462																											1	
2			29.542																											2	
3			29.867																											3	
4			30.038																											4	
5			29.824																											5	
6			29.920																											6	
7			30.079																											7	
8			30.146																											8	
9			30.074																											9	
10			30.055																											10	
11			30.090																											11	
12			30.176																											12	
13			30.219																											13	
14			30.173																											14	
15			30.082																											15	
16			30.119																											16	
17			30.118																											17	
18			30.069																											18	
19			29.941																											19	
20			29.536																											20	
21			29.400																											21	
22			29.439																											22	
23			29.925																											23	
24			29.403																											24	
25			29.386																											25	
26			29.816																											26	
27			29.734																											27	
28			29.534																											28	
29			29.563																											29	
30			29.601																											30	
31			29.713																											31	
Sums.																															
Means.																															
Instrumental Errors.																															
Cor-rected Means.																															
BEAUFORT SCALE FOR ESTIMATING FORCE OF WIND—(0-12).																															
FORCE.									FORCE.									FORCE.													
0 Calm.									5 Fresh Breeze.									9 Strong Gale.													
1 Light Air.									6 Strong Breeze.									10 Whole Gale.													
2 Slight Breeze.									7 High Wind.									11 Storm.													
3 Gentle Breeze.									8 Gale.									12 Hurricane.													
4 Moderate Breeze.																															

WEATHER NOTATION.		
a. denotes aurora.	b. blue sky, cloudless.	m. denotes mist.
bc. blue sky with detached clouds.	c. sky mainly cloudy, but with openings between the clouds.	p. passing showers.
d. drizzling rain.	e. wet air, without rain falling.	q. squally.
f. fog.	g. gloomy.	r. continuous rain.
fe. wet fog.	h. hail.	s. snow.
g. gloomy.	i. lightning.	so. la. solar halo.
h. hail.	lu. co. lunar corona.	t. s. thunder-storm.
i. lightning.	lu. la. lunar halo.	u. ugly, threatening appearance.
lu. co. lunar corona.		v. unusual visibility of distant objects.
lu. la. lunar halo.		w. dew.
		x. hoar frost.
		z. dust haze.

BEAUFORT SCALE FOR ESTIMATING FORCE OF WIND—(0-12).		
FORCE.	FORCE.	FORCE.
0 Calm.	5 Fresh Breeze.	10 Strong Gale.
1 Light Air.	6 Strong Breeze.	11 Whole Gale.
2 Slight Breeze.	7 High Wind.	12 Storm.
3 Gentle Breeze.	8 Gale.	12 Hurricane.
4 Moderate Breeze.		

BAROMETER.

Corrected Mean at 9 A.M., minus Correction for Temp.
 Corrected Mean at 9 P.M., minus Correction for Temp.
 Mean at Station, corrected, and at 32°,
 Correction for height, feet above Mean Sea Level, ... +
 Mean, reduced to 32°, and Sea Level,
 Highest Reading, corrected for Index error, on th,
 Lowest Do. Do., on th,
 Difference, or Monthly Range,

SELF-REGISTERING THERMOMETERS.

Highest in Month, on th,
 Lowest in Month, on th,
 Difference, or Monthly Range,
 Mean of all the Highest,
 Mean of all the Lowest,
 Difference, or Mean Daily Range,
 Mean Temperature of Month, $\frac{1}{2}$ (Mean Max. + Mean Min.), ...
 Min. on Grass, Lowest in Month,
 " " Mean,
 Black Bulb, Max. in Sun, Highest in Month,

ADDITIONAL REMARKS.

HYGROMETER.

Dry Bulb, Mean of A.M. and P.M. Readings,
 Wet Bulb, Mean of A.M. and P.M. Readings,
 Computed Temperature of Dew-Point,
 Do. Elastic Force of Vapour,
 Do. Relative Humidity (Saturation = 100), ...
 RAIN fell on Days; Amount in Inches,

WIND.		SUMMARY.									
Direction.		N	NE	E	SE	S	SW	W	NW	Calm or Variable.	Mean Force 0-12.
A.M.											
P.M.											
Sum.											

* If Observations are taken at 9 A.M. only, the reading of the Maximum thermometer must be entered to the previous day.
 † Rain to be measured at 9 A.M. and the amount entered to the previous day.

WEATHER SUMMARY.

Number of Days of Precipitation, ...
 Snow,
 Hail,
 Thunder,
 Clear Sky,
 Overcast,
 Fog,
 Ground Frost,
 Gale,

INSTRUMENTS IN USE.

Barometer, No.
 Dry Bulb, No.
 Wet Bulb, No.
 Maximum, No.
 Minimum, No.
 Solar Radiation, No.
 Grass Min., No.
 Sun Recorder, No.
 1-foot Therm., No.
 4-foot Therm., No.

Observations made and Return verified by {
 (Signed)

SCOTTISH METEOROLOGICAL SOCIETY.

OBSERVATIONS taken at Leith, County of Edinburgh, During the MONTH of August 1910.
 Lat 55° 59' N Long. 3° 10' W Height of Cistern of the Barometer above Mean Sea Level 55 feet, above Ground 3 feet. Diameter of Rain Gauge _____ ins.
 Height of Gauge above Mean Sea Level _____ feet. Height of Rim of Gauge above Ground _____ ins.

Date.	BAROMETER.				* SELF-REGISTERING THERMOMETERS.				HYGROMETER.				+ RAIN.	WIND.				CLOUDS.				SUNSHINE. Hours.	THERMOMETERS under Ground.			WEATHER.		GENERAL REMARKS. Occurrence of Snow, Hail, Thunder, Lightning, Fog, Gales, Meteors, Auroras, Remarkable Depression or Elevation of Barometer, etc. Mention the hour at which Storms, including Thunder and Lightning, began and ended.	Date.	
	9 A.M.		9 P.M.		Screen.		Black Bulb Max. in Sun. 9 P.M.	Min. on Grass. 9 A.M.	9 A.M.		9 P.M.			9 A.M.		9 P.M.		Ane- mometer. 9 A.M.	9 A.M.		9 P.M.		9 A.M.			At 9 A.M.	At 9 P.M.			
	Barometer.	Attached Ther- mometer	Barometer.	Attached Ther- mometer	Max. 9 P.M.	Min. 9 P.M.			Dry bulb.	Wet bulb.	Dry bulb.	Wet bulb.		Direction.	Force. Scale of 0-12.	Direction.	Force. Scale of 0-12.		Species and Direction.	Amount (0-10).	Species and Direction.		Amount (0-10).	3 ins.	12 ins.					48 ins.
1			29.800																										1	
2			29.566																										2	
3			29.608																										3	
4			29.690																										4	
5			29.742																										5	
6			29.869																										6	
7	29.951		29.965																										7	
8			29.981																										8	
9			30.134																										9	
10			30.110																										10	
11			29.964																										11	
12			29.843																										12	
13			30.024																										13	
14	30.015		29.848																										14	
15			29.773																										15	
16			29.888																										16	
17			29.739																										17	
18			29.518																										18	
19			29.612																										19	
20			29.569																										20	
21	29.639		29.909																										21	
22			29.956																										22	
23			29.807																										23	
24			29.782																										24	
25			29.698																										25	
26			29.151																										26	
27			29.601																										27	
28	29.526		29.478																										28	
29			29.476																										29	
30			29.782																										30	
31			30.184																										31	
Sums.			24.057																											
Means.																														
Instrumental Errors.																														
Cor- rected Means.																														
<div>26th. 10 fms. 29.153. 27th. Same. 29.371.</div> <div>WEATHER NOTATION. a. denotes aurora. b. " blue sky, cloudless. bc. " blue sky with detached clouds. c. " sky mainly cloudy, but with openings between the clouds. o. " completely overcast. d. " drizzling rain. e. " wet air, without rain falling. f. " fog. fe. " wet fog. g. " gloomy. h. " hail. l. " lightning. lu. co. " lunar corona. lu. ha. " lunar halo. m. denotes mist. p. " passing showers. q. " squally. r. " continuous rain. s. " snow. so. ha. " solar halo. t. " thunder. t. s. " thunder-storm. u. " ugly, threatening appearance. v. " unusual visibility of distant objects. w. " dew. x. " hoar frost. z. " dust haze.</div> <div>BEAUFORT SCALE FOR ESTIMATING FORCE OF WIND—(0-12). FORCE. 0 Calm. 1 Light Air. 2 Slight Breeze. 3 Gentle Breeze. 4 Moderate Breeze. 5 Fresh Breeze. 6 Strong Breeze. 7 High Wind. 8 Gale. 9 Strong Gale. 10 Whole Gale. 11 Storm. 12 Hurricane.</div>																														

WEATHER NOTATION.			
a. denotes aurora.	b. " blue sky, cloudless.	bc. " blue sky with detached clouds.	c. " sky mainly cloudy, but with openings between the clouds.
d. " completely overcast.	e. " drizzling rain.	f. " wet air, without rain falling.	g. " fog.
h. " wet fog.	i. " gloomy.	j. " hail.	k. " lightning.
l. " lunar corona.	lu. co. " lunar halo.	lu. ha. " lunar halo.	m. " denotes mist.
n. " passing showers.	q. " squally.	r. " continuous rain.	s. " snow.
so. ha. " solar halo.	t. " thunder.	ts. " thunder-storm.	u. " ugly, threatening appearance.
v. " unusual visibility of distant objects.	w. " dew.	x. " hoar frost.	y. " dust haze.

BEAUFORT SCALE FOR ESTIMATING FORCE OF WIND—(0-12).			
0 Calm.	5 Fresh Breeze.	9 Strong Gale.	12 Hurricane.
1 Light Air.	6 Strong Breeze.	10 Whole Gale.	
2 Slight Breeze.	7 High Wind.	11 Storm.	
3 Gentle Breeze.	8 Gale.	12 Hurricane.	
4 Moderate Breeze.			

BAROMETER.

Corrected Mean at 9 A.M., minus Correction for Temp. _____
 Corrected Mean at 9 P.M., minus Correction for Temp. _____
 Mean at Station, corrected, and at 32°, _____
 Correction for height, feet above Mean Sea Level, ... + _____
 Mean, reduced to 32°, and Sea Level, _____
 Highest Reading, corrected for Index error, on th, _____
 Lowest Do. Do., on th, _____
 Difference, or Monthly Range, _____

SELF-REGISTERING THERMOMETERS.

Highest in Month, on th, _____
 Lowest in Month, on th, _____
 Difference, or Monthly Range, _____
 Mean of all the Highest, _____
 Mean of all the Lowest, _____
 Difference, or Mean Daily Range, _____
 Mean Temperature of Month, $\frac{1}{2}$ (Mean Max. + Mean Min.), ...
 Min. on Grass, Lowest in Month, _____
 " " Mean, _____
 Black Bulb, Max. in Sun, Highest in Month, _____

ADDITIONAL REMARKS.

HYGROMETER.

Dry Bulb, Mean of A.M. and P.M. Readings, _____
 Wet Bulb, Mean of A.M. and P.M. Readings, _____
 Computed Temperature of Dew-Point, _____
 Do. Elastic Force of Vapour, _____
 Do. Relative Humidity (Saturation = 100), ...
 RAIN fell on Days; Amount in Inches, _____

WIND.		SUMMARY.									
Direction.		N	NE	E	SE	S	SW	W	NW	Calm or Variable.	Mean Force 0-12.
A.M.											
P.M.											
Sum.											

* If Observations are taken at 9 A.M. only, the reading of the Maximum thermometer must be entered to the previous day.

† Rain to be measured at 9 A.M. and the amount entered to the previous day.

WEATHER

SUMMARY.

Number of Days of Precipitation, ...
 Snow, _____
 Hail, _____
 Thunder, _____
 Clear Sky, _____
 Overcast, _____
 Fog, _____
 Ground Frost, _____
 Gale, _____

INSTRUMENTS IN USE.

Barometer, No. _____
 Dry Bulb, No. _____
 Wet Bulb, No. _____
 Maximum, No. _____
 Minimum, No. _____
 Solar Radiation, No. _____
 Grass Min., No. _____
 Sun Recorder, No. _____
 1-foot Therm., No. _____
 4-foot Therm., No. _____

Observations made and Return verified by {

 (Signed) _____

SCOTTISH METEOROLOGICAL SOCIETY.

OBSERVATIONS taken at Leith, County of Edinburgh, During the MONTH of September 1910.
 Lat. 55° 59' N Long. 3° 10' W Height of Cistern of the Barometer above Mean Sea Level 55 feet, above Ground 3 feet. Diameter of Rain Gauge _____ ins.
 Height of Gauge above Mean Sea Level _____ feet. Height of Rim of Gauge above Ground _____ ins.

Date.	BAROMETER.				* SELF-REGISTERING THERMOMETERS.				HYGROMETER.				↑ RAIN.	WIND.				CLOUDS.				SUNSHINE.	THERMOMETERS under Ground.			WEATHER.		GENERAL REMARKS. Occurrence of Snow, Hail, Thunder, Lightning, Fog, Gales, Meteors, Auroras, Remarkable Depression or Elevation of Barometer, etc. Mention the hour at which Storms, including Thunder and Lightning, began and ended.	Date.			
	9 A.M.		9 P.M.		Screen.	Black Bulb Max. in Sun. 9 P.M.	Min. on Grass. 9 A.M.	9 A.M.		9 P.M.		Amount at 9 A.M.		9 A.M.		9 P.M.		Ane. monometer. 9 A.M.	9 A.M.		9 P.M.		3 ins.	12 ins.	48 ins.	At 9 A.M.	At 9 P.M.					
	Barometer.	Attached Ther. meter	Barometer.	Attached Ther. meter				Dry bulb.	Wet bulb.	Dry bulb.	Wet bulb.			Direction.	Force. Scale of 0-12.	Direction.	Force. Scale of 0-12.		Species and Direction.	Amount (0-10).	Species and Direction.									Amount (0-10).		
1																																
2																																
3																																
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31																																
Sums.																																
Means.																																
Instrumental Errors.																																
Corrected Means.																																

WEATHER NOTATION.

a. denotes aurora.	m. denotes mist.
b. " blue sky, cloudless.	p. " passing showers.
bc. " blue sky with detached clouds.	q. " squally.
c. " sky mainly cloudy, but with openings between the clouds.	r. " continuous rain.
d. " completely overcast.	s. " snow.
e. " drizzling rain.	so. ha. " solar halo.
f. " wet air, without rain falling.	t. " thunder.
fe. " fog.	ts. " thunder-storm.
g. " gloomy.	u. " ugly, threatening appearance.
h. " hail.	v. " unusual visibility of distant objects.
l. " lightning.	w. " dew.
lu. co. " lunar corona.	x. " hoar frost.
lu. ha. " lunar halo.	z. " dust haze.

BEAUFORT SCALE FOR ESTIMATING FORCE OF WIND—(0-12).

FORCE.	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	Calm.	Light Air.	Slight Breeze.	Gentle Breeze.	Moderate Breeze.	Fresh Breeze.	Strong Breeze.	High Wind.	Gale.	Strong Gale.	Whole Gale.	Storm.	Hurricane.

BAROMETER.

Corrected Mean at 9 A.M., minus Correction for Temp. _____

Corrected Mean at 9 P.M., minus Correction for Temp. _____

Mean at Station, corrected, and at 32°, _____

Correction for height, _____ feet above Mean Sea Level, ... + _____

Mean, reduced to 32°, and Sea Level, _____

Highest Reading, corrected for Index error, on _____ th, _____

Lowest Do. Do., on _____ th, _____

Difference, or Monthly Range, _____

SELF-REGISTERING THERMOMETERS.

Highest in Month, on _____ th, _____

Lowest in Month, on _____ th, _____

Difference, or Monthly Range, _____

Mean of all the Highest, _____

Mean of all the Lowest, _____

Difference, or Mean Daily Range, _____

Mean Temperature of Month, $\frac{1}{2}$ (Mean Max. + Mean Min.), ... _____

Min. on Grass, Lowest in Month, _____

" " Mean, _____

Black Bulb, Max. in Sun, Highest in Month, _____

ADDITIONAL REMARKS.

HYGROMETER.

Dry Bulb, Mean of A.M. and P.M. Readings, _____

Wet Bulb, Mean of A.M. and P.M. Readings, _____

Computed Temperature of Dew-Point, _____

Do. Elastic Force of Vapour, _____

Do. Relative Humidity (Saturation = 100), ... _____

RAIN fell on _____ Days; Amount in Inches, _____

WIND.	SUMMARY.											
	Direction.	N	NE	E	SE	S	SW	W	NW	Calm or Variable.	Mean Force 0-12.	
A.M.												
P.M.												
Sum.												

* If Observations are taken at 9 A.M. only, the reading of the Maximum thermometer must be entered to the previous day.
 † Rain to be measured at 9 A.M. and the amount entered to the previous day.

WEATHER SUMMARY.

Number of Days of Precipitation, ... _____

Snow, _____

Hail, _____

Thunder, _____

Clear Sky, _____

Overcast, _____

Fog, _____

Ground Frost, _____

Gale, _____

INSTRUMENTS IN USE.

Barometer, No. _____

Dry Bulb, No. _____

Wet Bulb, No. _____

Maximum, No. _____

Minimum, No. _____

Solar Radiation, No. _____

Grass Min., No. _____

Sun Recorder, No. _____

1-foot Therm., No. _____

4-foot Therm., No. _____

Observations made and Return verified by { _____

 (Signed) _____

SCOTTISH METEOROLOGICAL SOCIETY

122 GEORGE STREET

EDINBURGH

BOOK POST



SCOTTISH METEOROLOGICAL SOCIETY.

OBSERVATIONS taken at Leith, County of Edinburgh, During the MONTH of October 1910.
 Lat. 55° 59' N Long. 2° 10' W Height of Cistern of the Barometer above Mean Sea Level 25 feet, above Ground 2 feet. Diameter of Rain Gauge _____ ins.
 Height of Gauge above Mean Sea Level _____ feet. Height of Rim of Gauge above Ground _____ ins.

[illegible]

BAROMETER.

Corrected Mean at 9 A.M., <i>minus</i> Correction for	
Temp.	}
Corrected Mean at 9 P.M., <i>minus</i> Correction for	
Temp.	}
Mean at Station, corrected, and at 32°,	
Correction for height, feet above Mean Sea Level,...	+
Mean, reduced to 32°, and Sea Level,	
Highest Reading, corrected for Index error, on th,	
Lowest Do. Do., on th,	
Difference, or Monthly Range ,	

SELF-REGISTERING THERMOMETERS.

Highest in Month, on	th,	
Lowest in Month, on	th,	
Difference, or Monthly Range,		
Mean of all the Highest,		
Mean of all the Lowest,		
Difference, or Mean Daily Range,		
Mean Temperature of Month, $\frac{1}{2}$ (Mean Max. + Mean Min.),		
Min. on Grass, Lowest in Month,		
”	”	Mean,
Black Bulb, Max. in Sun, Highest in Month,		

ADDITIONAL REMARKS.

October 31. 7pm. Bar. 28.855.
 " " 8pm. do. 28.815.
 " " 10pm. do. 28.827.

HYGROMETER.

Dry Bulb , Mean of A.M. and P.M. Readings,	_____
Wet Bulb , Mean of A.M. and P.M. Readings,	_____
Computed Temperature of Dew-Point ,	_____
Do. Elastic Force of Vapour ,	_____
Do. Relative Humidity (Saturation = 100),...	_____
RAIN fell on Days ; Amount in Inches ,	_____

[illegible]

* If Observations are taken at 9 A.M. only, the reading of the **Maximum** thermometer must be entered to the *previous day*.

† **Rain** to be measured at 9 A.M. and the amount entered to the *previous day*.

WEATHER SUMMARY.

Number of Days of Precipitation, ...	
Snow,	_____
Hail,	_____
Thunder,	_____
Clear Sky,	_____
Overcast,	_____
Fog,	_____
Ground Frost,	_____
Gale,	_____

INSTRUMENTS IN USE.

Barometer, No. _____
 Dry Bulb, No. _____
 Wet Bulb, No. _____
 Maximum, No. _____
 Minimum, No. _____
 Solar Radiation, No. _____
 Grass Min., No. _____
 Sun Recorder, No. _____
 1-foot Therm., No. _____
 4-foot Therm., No. _____

(Signed) _____

SCOTTISH METEOROLOGICAL SOCIETY.

Observations taken at Leith, County of Edinburgh, During the MONTH of November 1910.
 Lat 55° 59' N Long 3° 10' W Height of Cistern of the Barometer above Mean Sea Level 55 feet, above Ground 3 feet. Diameter of Rain Gauge _____ ins.
 Height of Gauge above Mean Sea Level _____ feet. Height of Rim of Gauge above Ground _____ ins.

Date.	BAROMETER.				*SELF-REGISTERING THERMOMETERS.				HYGROMETER.				†RAIN.	WIND.				CLOUDS.				SUNSHINE. Hours.	THERMOMETERS under Ground.			WEATHER.		GENERAL REMARKS. Occurrence of Snow, Hail, Thunder, Lightning, Fog, Gales, Meteors, Auroras, Remarkable Depression or Elevation of Barometer, etc. Mention the hour at which Storms, including Thunder and Lightning, began and ended.	Date.
	9 A.M.		9 P.M.		Screen.		Black Bulb Max. in Sun. 9 P.M.	Min. on Grass. 9 A.M.	9 A.M.		9 P.M.			Ane-mometer. 9 A.M.	9 A.M.		9 P.M.		9 A.M.				At 9 A.M.	At 9 P.M.					
	Barometer.	Attached Ther-mometer	Barometer.	Attached Ther-mometer	Max. 9 P.M.	Min. 9 P.M.			Dry bulb.	Wet bulb.	Dry bulb.	Wet bulb.			Direction.	Force. Scale of 0—12.	Direction.	Force. Scale of 0—12.	Species and Direction.	Amount (0—10).	Species and Direction.				Amount (0—10).	3 ins.	12 ins.			48 ins.
	inches.	°	inches.	°	°	°	°	°	°	°	°	°	inches.																
1			28.864																										1
2			29.154																										2
3			29.088																										3
4			29.458																										4
5			29.458																										5
6			28.626																										6
7			28.880																										7
8			29.533																										8
9			29.903																										9
10			29.574																										10
11			29.865																										11
12			29.647																										12
13			28.998																										13
14			28.896																										14
15			29.486																										15
16			29.456																										16
17			29.407																										17
18			30.077																										18
19			30.073																										19
20			30.040																										20
21			30.156																										21
22			30.074																										22
23			29.905																										23
24			29.895																										24
25			29.881																										25
26			29.741																										26
27			29.617																										27
28			29.622																										28
29			29.949																										29
30			30.181																										30
31																													31
Sums.																													
Means.																													
Instrumental Errors.																													
Corrected Means.																													

WEATHER NOTATION.		
a. denotes aurora.	p. denotes mist.	
b. " blue sky, cloudless.	q. " passing showers.	
bc. " blue sky with detached clouds.	r. " squally.	
c. " sky mainly cloudy, but with openings between the clouds.	s. " continuous rain.	
d. " completely overcast.	so. ha. " solar halo.	
e. " drizzling rain.	t. " thunder.	
f. " wet air, without rain falling.	t. s. " thunder-storm.	
g. " fog.	u. " ugly, threatening appearance.	
fe. " wet fog.	v. " unusual visibility of distant objects.	
h. " gloomy.	w. " dew.	
i. " hail.	x. " hoar frost.	
l. " lightning.	z. " dust haze.	
lu. co. " lunar corona.		
lu. ha. " lunar halo.		

BEAUFORT SCALE FOR ESTIMATING FORCE OF WIND—(0—12).		
FORCE.	FORCE.	FORCE.
0 Calm.	5 Fresh Breeze.	9 Strong Gale.
1 Light Air.	6 Strong Breeze.	10 Whole Gale.
2 Slight Breeze.	7 High Wind.	11 Storm.
3 Gentle Breeze.	8 Gale.	12 Hurricane.
4 Moderate Breeze.		

WEATHER NOTATION.

a. denotes aurora.	m. denotes mist.
b. blue sky, cloudless.	p. passing showers.
bc. blue sky with detached clouds.	q. equally.
c. sky mainly cloudy, but with openings between the clouds.	r. continuous rain.
d. completely overcast.	s. snow.
dr. drizzling rain.	so. lu. solar halo.
e. wet air, without rain falling.	t. thunder.
f. fog.	t. s. thunder-storm.
fe. wet fog.	u. ugly, threatening appearance.
g. gloomy.	v. unusual visibility of distant objects.
h. hail.	w. dew.
l. lightning.	x. hoar frost.
lu. co. lunar corona.	z. dust haze.
lu. ha. lunar halo.	

BEAUFORT SCALE FOR ESTIMATING FORCE OF WIND—(0-12).											
FORCE.	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Calm.	Light Air.	Slight Breeze.	Gentle Breeze.	Moderate Breeze.	Fresh Breeze.	Strong Breeze.	High Wind.	Gale.	Strong Gale.	Whole Gale.
										11	12
										Storm.	Hurricane.

BAROMETER.

Corrected Mean at 9 A.M., minus Correction for Temp. _____
 Corrected Mean at 9 P.M., minus Correction for Temp. _____
 Mean at Station, corrected, and at 32°, _____
 Correction for height, feet above Mean Sea Level, _____ + _____
 Mean, reduced to 32°, and Sea Level, _____
 Highest Reading, corrected for Index error, on th, _____
 Lowest Do. Do. on th, _____
 Difference, or Monthly Range, _____

SELF-REGISTERING THERMOMETERS.

Highest in Month, on th, _____
 Lowest in Month, on th, _____
 Difference, or Monthly Range, _____
 Mean of all the Highest, _____
 Mean of all the Lowest, _____
 Difference, or Mean Daily Range, _____
 Mean Temperature of Month, $\frac{1}{2}$ (Mean Max. + Mean Min.), _____
 Min. on Grass, Lowest in Month, _____
 " " Mean, _____
 Black Bulb, Max. in Sun, Highest in Month, _____

ADDITIONAL REMARKS.

Nov. 6. 1 pub. Bar. 28.789
 " " 2 " 28.732
 " " 4 " 28.660
 " " 5 " 28.640
 " " 6 " 28.642
 " " 7 " 28.646
 " " 8 " 28.636
 " " 10 " 28.624
 " 7. 7.20 am. 28.479
 " " 8 am. 28.485

HYGROMETER.

Dry Bulb, Mean of A.M. and P.M. Readings, _____
 Wet Bulb, Mean of A.M. and P.M. Readings, _____
 Computed Temperature of Dew-Point, _____
 Do. Elastic Force of Vapour, _____
 Do. Relative Humidity (Saturation = 100), _____
 RAIN fell on Days; Amount in Inches, _____

WIND. SUMMARY.											
Direction.	N	NE	E	SE	S	SW	W	NW	Calm or Variable.	Mean Force 0-12.	
A.M.											
P.M.											
Sum.											

* If Observations are taken at 9 A.M. only, the reading of the Maximum thermometer must be entered to the previous day.

† Rain to be measured at 9 A.M. and the amount entered to the previous day.

WEATHER SUMMARY.

Number of Days of Precipitation, ...
 Snow, ...
 Hail, ...
 Thunder, ...
 Clear Sky, ...
 Overcast, ...
 Fog, ...
 Ground Frost, ...
 Gale, ...

INSTRUMENTS IN USE.

Barometer, No. _____
 Dry Bulb, No. _____
 Wet Bulb, No. _____
 Maximum, No. _____
 Minimum, No. _____
 Solar Radiation, No. _____
 Grass Min., No. _____
 Sun Recorder, No. _____
 1-foot Therm., No. _____
 4-foot Therm., No. _____

Observations made and Return verified by { _____
 (Signed) _____

122 GEORGE STREET

EDINBURGH

BOOK POST

SCOTTISH METEOROLOGICAL SOCIETY.

OBSERVATIONS taken at Leith, County of Edinburgh, During the MONTH of December 1910.
 Lat. 55° 57' N Long. 3° 10' W. Height of Cistern of the Barometer above Mean Sea Level 55 feet, above Ground 3 feet. Diameter of Rain Gauge _____ ins.
 Height of Gauge above Mean Sea Level _____ feet. Height of Rim of Gauge above Ground _____ ins.

[illegible]

BAROMETER.

Corrected Mean at 9 A.M.,	<i>minus</i>	Correction for	
Temp.....	—		
<hr/>			
Corrected Mean at 9 P.M.,	<i>minus</i>	Correction for	
Temp.....	—		
<hr/>			
Mean at Station, corrected, and at 32°,			
<hr/>			
Correction for height,	feet above Mean Sea Level,...		+
<hr/>			
Mean, reduced to 32°, and Sea Level,			
<hr/>			
Highest Reading, corrected for Index error, on		th,....	
<hr/>			
Lowest	Do.	on	th,....
<hr/>			
Difference, or Monthly Range,			
<hr/>			

SELF-REGISTERING THERMOMETERS.

Highest in Month, on th,
Lowest in Month, on th,
 Difference, or **Monthly Range,**
Mean of all the Highest,
Mean of all the Lowest,
 Difference, or **Mean Daily Range,**
Mean Temperature of Month, $\frac{1}{2}$ (Mean Max. + Mean Min.), ...
Min. on Grass, Lowest in Month,
 " " **Mean,**
Black Bulb, Max. in Sun, Highest in Month,

ADDITIONAL REMARKS.

HYGROMETER.

Dry Bulb , Mean of A.M. and P.M. Readings,	
Wet Bulb , Mean of A.M. and P.M. Readings,	
Computed Temperature of Dew-Point ,	
Do. Elastic Force of Vapour ,	
Do. Relative Humidity (Saturation = 100), ...	
RAIN fell on Days ; Amount in Inches ,	

[illegible]

* If Observations are taken at 9 A.M. only, the reading of the **Maximum** thermometer must be entered to the *previous day*.

† **Rain** to be measured at 9 A.M. and the amount entered to the *previous day*.

WEATHER SUMMARY.

Number of Days of Precipitation, ...	_____
Snow,	_____
Hail	_____
Thunder,	_____
Clear Sky,	_____
Overcast,	_____
Fog,	_____
Ground Frost,	_____
Gale,	_____

INSTRUMENTS IN USE.

Barometer, No. _____
 Dry Bulb, No. _____
 Wet Bulb, No. _____
 Maximum, No. _____
 Minimum, No. _____
 Solar Radiation, No. _____
 Grass Min., No. _____
 Sun Recorder, No. _____
 1-foot Therm., No. _____
 4-foot Therm., No. _____

Observations made and Return verified by	
Date	

(Signed)

Leith
(Redpath)
1910



THE SECRETARY

SCOTTISH METEOROLOGICAL SOCIETY

122 GEORGE STREET

EDINBURGH

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SCOTTISH METEOROLOGICAL SOCIETY